

Java EE EJB Business Components

Audience Course Java EE EJB Business Components

Java developers that want to learn how to develop of Java EE EJB business components.

Prerequisites Java EE EJB Business Components

To participate in this course knowledge and experience with Java programming is required. Knowledge of Java Web development is beneficial for a proper understanding.

Realization Training Java EE EJB Business Components

The theory is explained using presentation slides and is interspersed with practical exercises. Demos are used to clarify the theory. All topics that are asked in the Java EE Enterprise JavaBeans Developer Certified Expert Exam (1Z0-895) are discussed. The course material is in English.

Official Certificate Java EE EJB Business Components

After successful completion of the course participants receive an official certificate Java EE EJB Business Components.

Content Course Java EE EJB Business Components

This course focuses on Enterprise JavaBeans, as specified in the EJB 3.x specification as part of the latest version of Java EE.

Enterprise Bean Types

Attention is paid to the different types of Enterprise Beans like Session Beans, Message Driven Beans and Singleton Beans.

JNDI

The Java Naming and Directory Interface (JNDI) is discussed and the simplification of how beans can be located and instantiated through injection. Attention is also payed to the lifecycle of the different types of beans and to concurrency issues.

Annotations

The important role that annotations play in Java EE and EJB's is discussed as well. Annotations do their work in many places such as in establishing links with resources and the realization of persistence.

EJB Query Language

Also the use of the EJB Query Language and the implementation of Object Relational Mapping in EJB 3.x is part of the course schedule. Also the use of transactions in a Java EE environment is considered.

Security

Attention is paid to the Java EE security architecture and the various authentication and authorization strategies. JMS and its use in combination with Message Driven Beans is also on the course program.

Best Practices

And finally the focus is on best practices and design patterns in EJB technology.



SpiralTrain BV Standerdmolen 10, 2e verdieping 3995 AA Houten info@spiraltrain.nl www.spiraltrain.nl Tel.: +31 (0) 30 – 737 0661 Locations Houten, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Eindhoven, Zwolle, Online

3995 AA Houten



Modules Course Java EE EJB Business Components

Module 1 : Java EE Intro	Module 2 : Enterprise Java Beans (EJB)	Module 3 : JNDI and Injection
Java Editions	Session Beans	Naming Services
Java EE versions	Statefull and Stateless	Directory Services
Enterprise Applications	Life Cycle Session Bean	Locate resources with JNDI
Java EE Servers	Architecture of an EJB	JNDI Architecture
Web Components	EJB Object at work	JNDI InitialContext
EJB Components	Client Access	JNDI Naming Context
JavaBean components	Remote versus Local Clients	EJB Environment
Web Services	Web Service Clients	Standard JNDI SubContexts
Java EE API's	Singleton Beans	Dependency Injection
EAR Files	Concurrency management strategy	DataSource Injection
Deployment Descriptors	Message Driven beans	Injection of EJB References
Annotations	Life Cycle Message Driven Beans	Example EJB Injection
Module 4 : Java Persistence API	Module 5 : Callbacks and Listeners	Module 6 : Session Beans
Entity Classes	Life Cycle Callback methods	Session Beans Overview
Entity Manager	Entity Listeners	Stateless Session Beans
Persistence Context	Life Cycle Callback Rules	Event callbacks
Entity Identity	Signature Life Cycle Callbacks	Asynchronous communication
Entity Lifecycle	Signature Entity Listeners	Singleton session bean
Entity Relationships	@PrePersist and @PostPersist	Singleton concurrency access
Persisting Objects	@PreRemove and @PostRemove	Stateful Session Beans
Removing Objects	@PreUpdate and @PostLoad	Passivating and Activating
Merging Objects	Multiple Invocation Callbacks	Remote Business Interface
Managing Identity	Invocation Order	Calling Business Methods
Module 7 : Message Driven Beans	Module 8 : Timer Service	Module 9 : Interceptors
Messaging Characteristics	Timer Service	What are Interceptors?
Publish and Subscribe	Scheduling Timers	Interceptor Classes
Point tot Point	Creating Timers	@AroundInvoke
What is JMS?	Timeout method rules	Example Interceptor
Message types	Canceling and Saving Timers	Interceptor Lifecycle
Message Driven Beans	Timer Service interface	Interceptor Types
Messagel isteners	Timer interface	Default Interceptors
onMessage method	Timer handle interface	Exclude Interceptors
Module 10 : Transactions	Module 11 : Security	Module 12 : E-IB and Web Services
Iransactions	Java EE and EJB Security	Web Service Types
Demarcating Boundaries	Programmatic Security	REST versus SOAP
Container Managed	Java EE authorization strategies	Structure SOAP Message
Bean Managed	Declarative Security	what is wSDL?
Client Managed	Using Programmatic Security	Stateless Session Bean Endpoint
I ransaction Attributes	Method Permissions	JAX-WS Dubliching on Finderint
Session Synchronization	DeclareRoles	Publishing an Endpoint
After Completion	ejb-role-ret	Web Service Annotations
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Module 13 : EJB Best Practices	Module 14 : Clustering	Optional : Annotations and JMX
Define Best Practices	What is clustering?	What are annotations?
Benefits of EJB best practices	Thin Client Clustering	Single value annotations
Java EE Patterns	Thick Client Clustering	Normal annotations
Effective Exception Handling	Clustering Stack	Meta-Annotations
EJB Design Patterns	JGroups and JCache	What is JMX?
Session Facade	HA-JNDI	Managed Beans
Composite View	HA-Smart Proxies	Naming MBeans
Front Controller	SLSBs and SFSBs	MBean Server
SpiralTrain BV	info@onivaltrain al	aationa
Standerdmolen 10. 2e verdieping	www.spiraltrain.nl H	outen, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Eindhoven,

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Zwolle, Online