

INT100 : Internet and Intranet Concepts

Code : INT100

Duration : 2 days

Category : Internet

Audience :

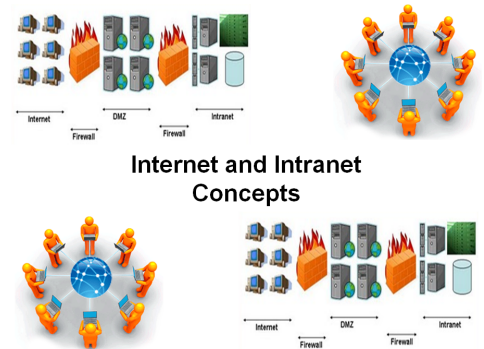
This course is designed for those who wish to learn about the background and operation of the Internet and Intranet.

Prerequisites :

To join this course is no specific skills or knowledge is required.

Realization :

The concepts are treated with the help presentation slides. A demo Web site is used to clarify the concepts. Attention is also paid to hands-on exercises. The course material is in English.



Contents :

The course discusses the concepts and protocols of the Internet and Intranets. Attention is paid to the role of markup languages like XML and HTML. Further subjects are CSS and Dynamic HTML, client-side JavaScript scripting, the various possibilities of server-side processing such as ASP.NET, PHP or Java Servlets and the inclusion of reusable components such as applets in Web pages and ASP.NET controls. Finally, attention is paid to recent developments relating to Rich Web User Interfaces and Web Services.

Module 1 : Internet Protocols

- Basic Web Concepts
- TCP/IP
- Protocols and OSI Model
- RFC's
- IP Overview
- IP Header
- IP Address Scheme
- Domain Name System (DNS)
- File Transfer Protocol (FTP)
- SMTP
- SMTP, DNS and POP Topology
- SMTP Functions
- DHCP Protocol
- DHCP Operation

Module 2 : HTTP Web Servers

- HTTP Protocol
- Web Servers
- Web Browsers
- Uniform Resource Locators
- URL's
- HTTP Request Messages
- HTTP Request Example
- HTTP Response Messages
- HTTP Response Example
- HTTP Request Headers
- HTTP Response Headers
- HTTP Status Codes
- MIME Types

Module 3 : HTML Markup Language

- Structuring business requirements
- HTML Markup Language
- HTML Pages
- HTML Page Structure
- Basic HTML Elements
- HTML Attributes
- HTML Links
- HTML Tables
- HTML Images
- HTML Frames
- HTML Forms
- HTML Form Structure
- Input Tags

Module 4 : XML Markup Language

- XML Markup Language
- XML versus HTML
- Roots of XML
- Markup Languages
- Benefits of XML
- XML Elements
- XML Element Names
- XML Attributes
- Well Formed Documents
- Valid Documents
- XHTML Markup Language
- HTML versus XHTML
- XHTML Declarations
- Advantages of XHTML

Module 5 : Internet Security

- Parts of Internet Security
- Security Threats
- Security Issues
- HTTP Basic Authentication
- HTTP Digest Authentication
- Encryption Types
- Symmetric Encryption
- Asymmetric Encryption
- Hash Encryption
- Signing
- Secure Sockets Layer
- SSL Handshakes
- Secure HTTP (HTTPS)
- Digital Certificates
- Public Key Cryptography
- Issuing and Using Certificates
- DeMilitarized Zone

Module 6 : CSS

- What is CSS?
- Defining CSS
- Applying CSS
- CSS Positioning
- Absolute Positioning
- Relative Positioning
- CSS Positioning Attributes
- CSS Visibility Property
- CSS Z-Index Property
- CSS and XML

Module 7 : Client Side JavaScript

- Dynamic Content Techniques
- Client Side Scripting
- JavaScript's History
- JavaScript Characteristics
- Variables
- JavaScript Types
- Numbers
- Strings
- Booleans
- Arrays
- Functions
- Objects
- Event Handler
- Validation in JavaScript

Module 8 : Dynamic HTML

- What is DHTML?
- DHTML Technologies
- HTML DOM
- HTML DOM Example
- Browser Object Model
- Element Access
- Important Elements
- Important Properties
- Event Handlers

Module 9 : Server Side Scripting

- Servlets
- Reading Form Data in Servlets
- Java Server Pages
- Simple JSP Page
- PHP Scripts
- Using PHP
- PHP \$_POST Global Variable
- PHP \$_GET Global Variable
- Why Session Tracking?
- Session ID's
- Session Tracking Mechanisms

Module 10 : Web Services

What is a Web Service?
XML Transport with Web Services
RPC versus Document Style
What is SOAP?
Structure SOAP Message
Skeleton SOAP Message
SOAP Messages as Payload
SOAP Header
What is WSDL?
Basic Structure WSDL?
WSDL and Code Generation
Service Orientation

Module 11 : Rich Internet Applications

Traditional Webapps Problems
Rich Internet Applications
What is Flex?
Flex Framework
Flex Architecture
How Flex works
ActionScript
Flash Player
MXML Example
SilverLight
XAML
Drawing with XAML
HTML5